**Chapter 4 – Experience and Empire: Eighteenth Century America**

*Be able to answer the following questions and/or fully explain the significance of the terms and concepts.

1. What demographic changes did Britain’s thirteen mainland colonies undergo during the eighteenth century (1700s)?

2. What difficulties did Native Americans face in maintaining their cultural independence on the frontier?

3. Rapid population growth of England’s American colonies (causes, effects, and characteristics)?

4. Scots-Irish (characteristics and patterns of settlement)?

5. Squatters

6. Germans (characteristics and patterns of settlement)?

7. Pennsylvania Dutch

8. Transportation Act

9. Middle ground

**Why was the Spanish empire unable to control its northern frontier?**

10. Spanish Borderlands (compare and contrast with the English settlements).

11. Pueblo’s Rebellion (aka Pueblo Revolt) – (causes and effects)?

12. St. Augustine (1565)

13. California - missions and forts established by Fra Junípero Serra and Don Gaspar de Portolá

14. Mestizos

**How did Europeans ideas affect eighteenth century American life?**

15. What was the cultural impact of America’s colonial cities?

16. Age of Reason (Enlightenment)

17. Self-evident natural laws

18. American Enlightenment (How did it differ from the Enlightenment taking place in Europe?)

19. Ben Franklin

20. Reasons for economic growth in England’s American colonies?


22. White Pine Acts

23. Molasses Act of 1733 (aka Sugar Act)

24. Hat and Felt Act

25. Iron Act

26. Consumer revolution in the colonies (causes and effects)?

27. Colonial economic dependence on England (causes and effects)?

28. Effects of increased intercoastal trade (pg. 89-90)

29. Conestoga Wagons

**How did the Great Awakening transform the religious culture of colonial America?**

30. Great Awakening (causes and effects)

31. Jonathan Edwards

32. George Whitefield

33. Itinerant preachers

34. Old Lights vs. New Lights

**Why were eighteenth-century colonial assemblies not fully democratic?**

35. Commonwealthmen

36. Colonial assemblies

37. What was the role of weekly journals/newspapers in the American colonies?

38. The Trial of John Peter Zenger (1735) – helped establish the idea that would later become freedom of the press. *This is not in your book, but you need to know about it!*

39. Early examples of intercolonial unity?

**Why did colonial Americans support Great Britain’s wars against France?**

40. French and Indian War (causes?)

41. Ohio Valley

42. Fort Duquesne

43. George Washington

44. Fort Necessity

45. Ben Franklin, the Albany Plan of Union, and the push for intercolonial unity. Why did it fail?

46. “Join, or Die” (LOOK at the political cartoon on pg. 98)

47. General Edward Braddock (pg. 96)

48. Braddock’s Defeat

49. William Pitt

50. James Wolfe

51. Effects of the British capture of Fort Louisbourg (July 26, 1758)?

52. Quebec (1759)

53. Montreal (1760)

54. Paris Peace Treaty, 1763 (What were the terms of the treaty?)

55. What were the effects of the French and Indian War on the relationship between England and her American Colonies?

56. Proclamation of 1763