

Bloodborne Pathogens

Evaluation for **BISD** Staff

TRUE or FALSE

- ____ 1. A bloodborne pathogen is a disease or virus that can be transmitted from one person to another through blood.
- ____ 2. In the school setting, contaminated blood is the main source of transmission for bloodborne pathogens.
- ____ 3. There are vaccines to protect against Hepatitis A, Hepatitis B, and Hepatitis C.
- ____ 4. Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C and HIV are all diseases that affect the liver.
- ____ 5. Hepatitis B can live in dried blood on a surface for up to 24 hours.
- ____ 6. Those who contract HIV show symptoms within a few days.
- ____ 7. Saliva, sweat and tears are all carriers of bloodborne pathogens, even if you can not see blood in them.
- ____ 8. Hand washing is the best way to prevent the spread of infection.
- ____ 9. If you wear gloves to administer first aid, you do not need to wash your hands.
- ____ 10. Universal precautions mean that you treat all blood and body fluids as if they are contaminated with bloodborne pathogens.
- ____ 11. If a person is injured, you should have them administer their own first aid if they are able.
- ____ 12. It is okay to pick up broken, sharp objects with your hands as long as you are careful.
- ____ 13. If you are bitten by a student, both of you need to seek medical attention.
- ____ 14. If your mucous membranes or eyes become exposed to blood, flush them with generous amounts of water and then seek medical attention.
- ____ 15. Most people that are infected with Hepatitis C are only sick for a short time.
- ____ 16. You should always use protective equipment such as gloves to protect you against bloodborne pathogens.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF TRAINING

I have completed the BISD web training, "Bloodborne Pathogens for BISD Staff."
I have also completed and passed the comprehensive quiz at the conclusion of the training.

Employee's Signature

School/Department

Date